

### Assignment 3

DA 241 Statistical Foundations for Data Science

Instructor: Rhythm Grover

Teaching Assistant: Kartikay Agrawal

---

1. Suppose that the binomial random variable  $X$  has parameters  $n = 25$ ,  $p = \frac{1}{4}$ .
  - a) Use your computer to obtain the following probabilities to 6 decimal places.
    - 1)  $P(X = 5)$
    - 2)  $P(X = 6)$
    - 3)  $P(X = 7)$
    - 4)  $P(X = 8)$
  - b) Write down the probability  $P(6 \leq X \leq 8)$ .
  - c) Give the parameters of the normal approximation to this binomial distribution indicated by the central limit theorem.
  - d) Use the normal approximation to find the following probabilities, by rewriting the probabilities in part a) and b) terms of the normal random variable  $Y$  approximating the distribution of  $X$ .
2. The following data set reports the annual numbers of divorces in England and Wales for the six years between 1975 and 1980.

---

Year	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Number of divorces (in thousands)	120.5	126.7	129.1	143.7	138.7	148.3

---

- a) Denote the number of divorces (thousands) in any particular year by  $y$ , and the year, by  $x$  (For example, point 1,  $P_1 = (x_1 = 75, y_1 = 120.5)$ ). Plot on the points on a scatter diagram.
- b) Observe the upward linear trend of the graph. Suppose you can model it as a straight line:

$$Y = \alpha + \beta x + W,$$

where  $W$  is the random error component. Consider the following estimates of the slope of this line:

- 1)  $\hat{\beta}_1$  = the slope of the line joining the first and last points  $P_1$  and  $P_6$ ;
- 2)  $\hat{\beta}_2$  = the slope of the line joining the midpoint of  $P_1P_2$  to the midpoint of  $P_5P_6$ ;
- 3)  $\hat{\beta}_3$  = the slope of the line joining the mean of first three points to the mean of the last three points.
- 4)  $\hat{\beta}_4$  = least squares estimator of  $\beta$
- 5)  $\hat{\beta}_5$  = maximum likelihood estimator of  $\beta$ , assuming that the error  $W$  is normally distributed with mean 0 and variance  $\sigma^2$

Check if the above estimators are unbiased and compare the variances of them in terms of  $\sigma^2$ . Choose one with proper justification.

3. Write down moment estimators for:

- a) the Poisson parameter  $\lambda$ , given a random sample  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  from a Poisson distribution;

Assignment 3

DA 241 Statistical Foundations for Data Science

Instructor: Rhythm Grover

Teaching Assistant: Kartikay Agrawal

---

- b) the Geometric parameter  $p$ , given a random sample  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  from a geometric distribution;
  - c) the normal parameters  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$ , given a random sample  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$ , from a normal distribution with unknown mean and variance;
  - d) the exponential parameter  $\lambda$ , given a random sample  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$ , from an exponential distribution;
  - e) the binomial parameter  $p$ , given a random sample  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$ , from a binomial distribution  $B(m, p)$ . (Notice the binomial parameter  $m$  here; the number  $n$  refers to the sample size. Assume  $m$  is known.)
4. A coin is flipped 100 times. Given that there were 55 heads, find the maximum likelihood estimate for the probability  $p$  of heads on a single toss. Do this using likelihood function as well as using the log-likelihood function.
5. Suppose that the lifetime of Philips brand light bulbs is modeled by an exponential distribution with (unknown) parameter. We test 5 bulbs and find they have life times of 2, 3, 1, 3, and 4 years, respectively. What is the MLE for  $\lambda$ ?
6. Suppose our data  $X_1, \dots, X_n$ , are independently drawn from a uniform distribution  $U(a, b)$ . Find the MLE estimate for  $a$  and  $b$ .